

# SYMPTOM MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES: ACNEIFORM RASH

## **Definition**

• Rash (acneiform rash on face, scalp or chest): erythema, edema, papulopustular eruptions followed by crusting and dryness of the skin.

| PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT  | SYMPTOM ASSESSMENT  |
|--|---|
| Vital Signs  | Normal  |
| Frequency – as clinically indicated  | Refer to pretreatment nursing or oncology assessment  |
| <ul> <li>Frequency – as clinically indicated</li> <li>Skin Assessment</li> <li>Ensure adequate light source and gloves if handling non-intact skin</li> <li>Assess all aspect face, torso, arms, scalp, areas of cutaneous pressure/friction and intertriginous areas         <ul> <li>Color</li> <li>Degree of erythema – patchy or uniformly deeply red and any signs of pallor in areas of intense erythema. Hyperpigmentation in non-white patients</li> </ul> </li> <li>Thickening         <ul> <li>Hyperkeratosis of soles of feet and palmar surfaces</li> </ul> </li> <li>Moisture</li></ul> | <ul> <li>Refer to pretreatment nursing or oncology assessment</li> <li>Onset <ul> <li>When did changes start?</li> <li>How are changes progressing?</li> <li>When was your last treatment?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provoking / Palliating <ul> <li>What makes the symptoms better? Worse?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Quality <ul> <li>What symptoms do you have?</li> <li>When did symptoms begin?</li> <li>Can you describe the nature of the symptom?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Region / Radiation <ul> <li>Where are the changes happening? Face, torso, arms, scalp?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Severity / Other Symptoms <ul> <li>How bothersome is this to you? (0-10 scale, with 0 not at all – 10 being worst imaginable)</li> <li>Have you been experiencing any other symptoms:</li></ul></li></ul> |
| pruritus or burning  | Understanding / Impact on You  • Are these symptoms affecting your daily life?  |
|  |   |
|  | Value   |

| • | What is your comfort goal or acceptable level for this symptom $(0 - 10)$ |
|---|---|
|   | scale)?   |

|   | PAPULOPUSTULAR  NCI Common Terminology Criteria for   | RASH GRADING SCALE<br>Adverse Events (CTCAE)   |                               |         |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------|---------|
| GRADE 1   | GRADE 2   | GRADE 3  | GRADE 4                       | GRADE 5 |
| Papules and/or pustules covering <10% BSA, which may or may not be associated with symptoms of pruritus or tenderness | Papules and/or pustules covering 10 - 30% BSA, which may or may not be associated with symptoms of pruritus or tenderness; associated with psychosocial impact; limiting instrumental ADL; papules and/or pustules covering > 30% BSA with or without mild symptoms | Papules and/or pustules covering >30% BSA, with moderate or severe symptoms; limiting selfcare ADL; IV antibiotics indicated | Life-threatening consequences | Death   |



\*Step-Up Approach to Symptom Management: Interventions Should Be Based On Current Grade Level and Include Lower Level Grade Interventions As Appropriate

## **NORMAL- GRADE 2**

|                             | <u> </u>  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| NON – URGENT:               |   |  |  |
|                             | Prevention, support, teaching & follow-up care as required  |  |  |
| Patient Care and Assessment | <ul> <li>Screen for skin changes at first visit; re-assess at each visit and at peak times for onset (at every 2 week appointment with Medical Oncology)</li> <li>Timing of onset, appearance, distribution and skin changes varies with each type of treatment.</li> <li>Patient Self-assessment:         <ul> <li>Assess skin daily. Notify oncologist at next scheduled visit or earlier if symptoms worsen</li> <li>Assess for early signs of acneiform rash including:</li></ul></li></ul>   |  |  |
| Skin Care and<br>Hygiene    | <ul> <li>Skin Care and Hygiene:</li> <li>In collaboration with physician or nurse practitioner, use of Topical Agents: Refer to Drug Specific Protocol.</li> <li>Wash and clean skin with lukewarm water; gently pat dry.</li> <li>Wash sweat from skin</li> <li>Avoid hot water (e.g. while bathing, cleaning dishes)</li> <li>Apply moisturizing creams or lotions (avoid alcohol and/or perfume based creams, other recommendations). Apply on intact skin-liberally, gently, and often.</li> <li>Avoid sun exposure during treatment- use sun block (see protocol specific handout for sun</li> </ul> |  |  |

|                    | safety resources).  |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
|                    | Prevent Constriction of Skin:   |  |
|                    | <ul> <li>Tight-fitting clothes or harsh fabrics in contact with torso, head and neck e.g., belts and<br/>jewelry.</li> </ul>  |  |
|                    | Tight bandages, dressings or adhesive tape to skin  |  |
|                    | Avoid Abrasive Conditions and Mechanical Stress:  |  |
|                    | Avoid popping acne pustules, do not use abrasive chemicals (i.e. Benzoyl peroxide or alcohols) to rash-affected areas.  |  |
|                    | Avoid topical anti-acne or anti-rosacea agents.   |  |
|                    | Regulate Temperature:   |  |
|                    | <ul> <li>Avoid situations that raise body temperature (e.g. steam, saunas, hot baths, heating pads, vigorous exercise)</li> </ul>   |  |
| Dietary Management | <ul> <li>Promote adequate hydration/nutrition during treatment to help prevent skin dryness/<br/>desquamation</li> </ul>  |  |
|                    | <ul> <li>Recommend daily fluid intake of 8- 12 cups (unless contraindicated) to help keep skin intact</li> <li>Promote a well-balanced and healthy diet (refer to Canada Food Guide)</li> </ul> |  |
| Pharmacological    | For medical management of acneiform rash, refer to drug specific protocol and collaborate   |  |
| Management         | with Physician or Nurse Practitioner  |  |
|                    | Avoid using topical anesthetics or diphenhydramine containing creams during treatment as  |  |
|                    | these may exacerbate skin toxicity  |  |
|                    | Avoid use of over-the-counter acne medications and alcohol containing topical products  |  |
| Patient Education  | Reinforce when to seek immediate medical attention:   |  |
| and Follow-up      | Temperature greater than or equal to 38° C and/or presence of redness, discharge or     des from any open greater, possible infection.  |  |
|                    | odor from any open areas – possible infection  - Unable to perform ADL – reflects deteriorating patient status and severity of acneiform  |  |
|                    | rash  |  |
|                    | <ul> <li>Uncontrolled or increasing pain/discomfort to rash areas</li> </ul>  |  |
|                    | Instruct patient/family to call back if symptoms worsen or do not improve   |  |
|                    |   |  |
|                    | If indicated, arrange for nurse initiated telephone follow – up or physician follow-up for further assessment   |  |

# **GRADE 3**



|                                     | URGENT: Requires medical attention within 24 hours   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Patient Care and Assessment         | <ul> <li>Collaborate with physician or nurse practitioner; temporary drug delay or further assessment</li> <li>Arrange for further evaluation and assessment in an ambulatory setting</li> <li>Arrange for specific skin care and dressings as necessary</li> <li>If superinfection concern, see practitioner within 24 hours.</li> </ul>  |
| Management of Skin<br>Complications | <ul> <li>Pain: <ul> <li>Anticipate need for pain management; systemic or topical analgesics and/or topical steroids Local infection:</li> <li>Review recent lab tests, culture any suspect areas, assess temperature</li> <li>Review prescribed medications with patient and consider antibiotic treatment and/or topical steroids</li> </ul> </li> <li>Minor bleeding with trauma (stops after 2 minutes): <ul> <li>Review CBC and assess WBC, platelets and hemoglobin</li> <li>Apply pressure to control bleeding</li> <li>For prolonged bleeding, collaborate with physician or nurse practitioner for intervention Alteration in skin integrity:</li> <li>May need to apply dressing to prevent infection to altered area, consider hydrocolloid dressings</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| Patient Education and               | ·  |

Follow-Up

 Instruct patient/family to call back if symptoms worsen or do not improve. Arrange for further assessment if indicated

#### **GRADE 4**

# Presence of the following:

Temperature greater than or equal to 38°C, uncontrolled pain



#### **EMERGENT: Requires IMMEDIATE medical attention Patient Care and** Notify physician or nurse practitioner immediately of assessment, facilitate care arrangements as necessary with local emergency department of hospital and anticipate dose delay. Assessment See Chemotherapy Protocols in Resources & Referrals Section below for direction Treatment is usually ordered to restart on an incremental dose basis when symptoms resolve **Nursing Support:** Monitor vital signs as clinically indicated Frequent skin assessments and dressings as indicated Pain and symptom assessment and management as appropriate **Management of Skin** Pain: Increase dose and frequency (i.e. around the clock) of analgesics may be indicated Complications Local or systemic infection may require treating facility to perform the following: Review recent lab tests Culture: Blood and any suspect areas Assess vital signs, temperature as clinically indicated Administer topical and/or IV anti-infective medications as prescribed (e.g. antibiotics, antifungals, antiviral agents)

| RESOURCES & REFERRALS       |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Referrals                   | <ul> <li>Patient support center or telephone care management</li> <li>Home Health Nursing</li> <li>Physician, Oncologist, Nurse Practitioner</li> <li>Pain and Symptom Management/Palliative Care (PSMPC)</li> <li>Dermatology</li> </ul>   |
| Related Online<br>Resources | <ul> <li>E.g. Fair Pharmacare; BC Palliative Benefits. Can be found in "Other Sources of Drug Funding Section"</li> <li><a href="http://www.bccancer.bc.ca/health-professionals/professional-resources/pharmacy/drug-funding">http://www.bccancer.bc.ca/health-professionals/professional-resources/pharmacy/drug-funding</a></li> <li><a href="Your Medication Sun Sensitivity">Your Medication Sun Sensitivity and Sunscreens BCCA. April 2011</a></li> </ul> |
| Bibliography List           | • <a href="http://www.bccancer.bc.ca/health-professionals/clinical-resources/nursing/symptom-management">http://www.bccancer.bc.ca/health-professionals/clinical-resources/nursing/symptom-management</a>   |

#### **APPENDIX A**

| Contributing Factors |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Targeted Therapies   | Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitors (e.g.Gefitinib, Erlotinib, Afatanib and Lapatinib)       |
|                      | mTOR Inhibitors (eg. Everolimus)  |
|                      | BRAF Kinase Inhibitor (Dabrafenib)  |
|                      | Monoclonal Antibodies (e.g. Panitumumab, Cetuximab)                                 |
| Relevant Medical     | Cancers of the Lung, Head and Neck, Kidney, Breast, Skin, Pancreas, Colorectal, and |
| History              | Melanoma  |
|                      | Solid tumors  |
|                      | Age not contributory  |

Other

Patients of Asian descent are found to be slightly more susceptible to symptom when taking Gefitinib, Erlotinib or Afatanib.

## Consequences

- Acneiform Rash occurs in 10-80% of patients; typically within the first 2 weeks causing painful skin eruptions, pruritus, decreased quality of life.
- Severe acneiform rash increases patient risk of infection (moderate risk: 7-10 days; high risk: >10days)
- Treatment delays, reductions, or discontinuation
- Increased risk of altered skin integrity
- Quality of life pain, physical and/or psychological distress, sleep-wake disturbance, impaired mobility, altered role function

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